AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-5 (Canceled)

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Claim 6 (Currently Amended) A method for evanescent-field-assisted imprinting, comprising: placing a proximity field exposure pattern on a section of <u>a</u> container in which light is enclosed;

aligning a fabrication object having a photo-sensitive film thereon in proximity of said proximity field exposure pattern; and

injecting a light from said container into said proximity field exposure pattern so as to imprint said proximity field exposure pattern on said photo-sensitive material film by means of an evanescent field formed between said proximity field exposure pattern and said photo-sensitive film, thereby forming exposed regions and unexposed regions on said photo-sensitive film

removing said unexposed regions from said photo-sensitive film; and irradiating said photo-sensitive film with a fast atomic beam.

Claim 7 (Withdrawn) An exposure-mask for imprinting micro-patterns on a mask base in cooperation with an evanescent field generated by exposure light from a light source, comprising: mask base being transmissive to said exposure light;

micro-patterns being comprised by high structures and low structures of sub-wavelength dimensions with respect to a wavelength of said exposure light, and

said low structures being embedded with a material of low transmissivity to said exposure light.

Claim 8 (Withdrawn) A method for making an exposure-mask, comprising:

forming a metal thin film layer on a mask base made of a material transmissive to exposure light;

coating a photo-sensitive material on said metal thin film layer;

fabricating micro-patterns on said photo-sensitive material using electron beams or X-ray beams; and

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irradiating with a fast atomic beam using said micro-patterns fabricated on said photo-sensitive film as exposure-mask, thereby forming micro-patterns of said metal thin film on said mask base.

Claim 9 (Withdrawn) A method for making an exposure-mask, according to claim 8, wherein said micro-patterns have sub-wavelength dimensions with respect to a wavelength of an exposure light.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended) A method for imprinting micro-patterns on a substrate base, comprising:

coating not less than two coating layers, including an upper layer of a photo-sensitive film having a thickness dimension of less than a wavelength of exposure light;

placing an exposure-mask having proximity patterns in contact with or in proximity of said photo-sensitive film at a sub-wavelength distance so as to generate an evanescent field and expose said proximity patterns on said photo-sensitive film;

developing exposed proximity patterns by photo-processing to produce a first etch-mask;

fabricating a lower coating layer on said substrate base using said first etch-mask to produce a second etch-mask comprised by said lower layer; and

fabricating proximity field exposure patterns on said substrate base using said second etch-mask,

wherein fabrication of said substrate base or said lower layer is performed using a fast atomic beam.

Claim 11 (Original) A method according to claim 10, wherein a thickness of said first coating layer is essentially the same as a minimum dimension of said proximity field exposure pattern.

Claim 12 (Canceled)

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Claim 13 (Currently Amended) A method for imprinting micro-patterns on a substrate base comprising:

applying a first coating of a photo-sensitive material on said substrate base to a thickness less than a wavelength of an exposure light;

placing an exposure-mask having a proximity field exposure pattern in contact with or in proximity of said proximity field exposure pattern at a sub-wavelength distance;

exposing said coating through said exposure-mask using said exposure light through an evanescent field and developing by photo-processing to produce first imprinted patterns on said first coating;

forming a second coating on said first imprinted pattern of said photo-sensitive material; dissolving said first coating to <u>lift off liftoff</u> said first imprinted patterns, thereby leaving

fabricating said substrate base using said second imprinted patterns as <u>an</u> etch-mask to produce micro-patterns on said substrate base.

second imprinted patterns formed by said second coating; and

wherein fabrication of said substrate base or said first coating is performed using a fast atomic beam.

Claim 14 (Original) A method according to claim 13, wherein a thickness of said first coating is essentially the same as a minimum dimension of said proximity field exposure pattern.

Claim 15 (Canceled)

Claim 16 (Withdrawn) An exposure-mask for evanescent-field-assisted imprinting, comprising:

a transmissive material; and

a proximity field exposure pattern of sub-wavelength dimensions fabricated thereon, said proximity field exposure pattern being produced by imprinting a master proximity field exposure pattern provided on a mother mold.

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Claim 17 (Withdrawn) An exposure-mask according to claim 16, wherein said mother mold is a metal mold.

Claim 18 (Withdrawn) A method for making an exposure-mask by preparing a mother mold having a proximity field exposure pattern of sub-wavelength dimensions, comprising:

pouring a transmissive material in a molten state into said mother mold; and cooling and detaching a solidified pattern from said mother mold, thereby producing an imprinted proximity field exposure pattern.

Claim 19 (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 18, wherein detaching from said mother mold is based on differential thermal expansion effects of materials constituting said mother mold and an imprinted pattern.

Claim 20 (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 18, wherein the mother mold is pre-coated with a soluble film, which is dissolved when detaching a solidified pattern from the mother mold.

Claim 21 (Withdrawn) A method for imprinting micro-patterns on an imprint base by preparing a pattern template having a fine structure, comprising:

coating a semi-solid material on an imprint base;

pressing said pattern template on said semi-solid material to produce a duplicated pattern of said fine structure; and

irradiating an energy beam on said duplicated pattern of said semi-solid material to produce said micro-patterns on said imprint base.

Claim 22 (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 21, wherein said fine structure comprises of high and low structures of sub-wavelength dimensions.

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Claim 23 (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 21, wherein said pattern template is a roller having said fine-structure fabricated on an roller surface, and said fine-structure is duplicated on an imprint base by press rolling on said semi-solid material.

Claim 24 (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 21, wherein said pattern template is a flexible material disposed away from said semi-solid material on imprint base, and said template is pressed by a roller to contact said semi-solid material, thereby imprinting said micro-patterns on said semi-solid material.

Claim 25 (Withdrawn) A method for imprinting micro-patterns on an imprint base by preparing a pattern template, comprising:

pouring a molten material on said pattern template; cooling said molten material on said pattern template; and detaching a solidified molten material having a duplicated pattern of said fine structure.

Claim 26 (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 25, wherein said fine structure comprises of high and low structures of sub-wavelength dimensions.

Claim 27 (Withdrawn) A method for fabricating micro-patterns on an imprint base, comprising:

coating a photo-resist film on an imprint base;

forming a fine structure on said photo-resist film by means of electron beams or X-ray beams and developing by photo-processing to fabricate etch-mask; and

irradiating with a fast atomic beam through said etch-mask to produce an imprint base having said micro patterns duplicated thereon.

Claim 28 (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 27, wherein said micro patterns have sub-wavelength dimensions.

Claim 29 (Canceled)

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Claim 30 (Withdrawn) A method for imprinting micro-patterns on LSI devices, comprising: preparing a pattern template having a fine structure;

pressing said pattern template on a semi-solid material coated on a substrate base of a semiconductor material so as to imprint said fine structure on a surface of said semi-solid material; and

etching said surface of said semiconductor material using imprinted patterns as etch-mask to fabricate said LSI devices on said semiconductor material.

Claim 31 (Withdrawn) An optical data recording medium, comprising:

a recording disk having a surface for containing recorded signals; and

recording pits disposed on said recording disk, said recording pits being fabricated using a method of evanescent-field-assisted fabrication.

Claim 32 (Withdrawn) An optical data recording apparatus, comprising:

a recording medium having micro-patterns of sub-wavelength dimensions with respect to signal light, having different transmissive and reflective properties;

a light source for signal light; and

a detection section disposed opposite to a patterned surface of said recording medium.

Claim 33 (Withdrawn) A magnetic-optical recording head, comprising:

an optical fiber having a sharpened tip of a sub-wavelength dimension with respect to signal light, and

a magnetic field generation coil for magnetizing a magnetic layer disposed in proximity of said sharpened tip in association with said magnetic-optical recording head.

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